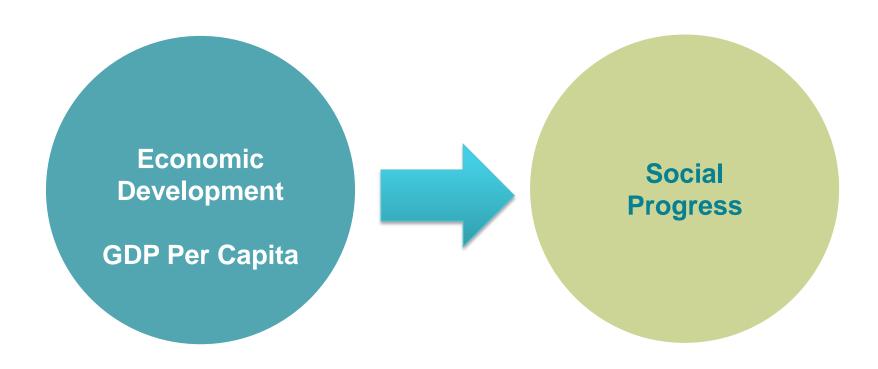


Professor Michael E. Porter Deloitte Auditorium, London UK April 8, 2014

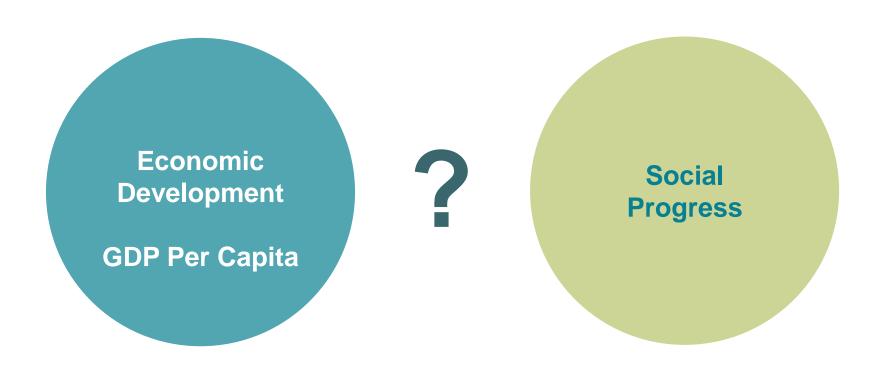




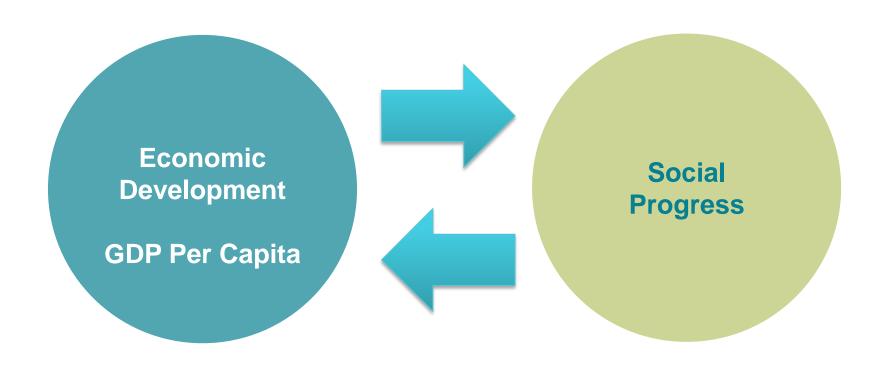
- OVER THE LAST TWO DECADES, THE MEASUREMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND THE UNDERLYING COMPETITIVENESS OF NATIONAL ECONOMIES HAS DRAMATICALLY IMPROVED.
- UNTIL NOW, THE PARADIGM HAS BEEN THAT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT MEASURED BY GDP PER CAPITA...



...WILL LEAD TO SOCIAL PROGRESS.



BUT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DOES NOT ALWAYS LEAD TO SOCIAL PROGRESS.



- AND SOCIAL PROGRESS IS IMPORTANT TO ENABLING ECONOMIC GROWTH.
- WE NEED TO MEASURE BOTH.

THE NEED TO GO BEYOND GDP

There has been a growing recognition that we need to move beyond measuring only the economic performance of countries:

"In an increasingly performance-oriented society, metrics matter. What we measure affects what we do. If we have the wrong metrics, we will strive for the wrong things." Jean-Paul Fitoussi, Amartya Sen, Joseph Stiglitz, Mismeasuring Our Lives

- Starting with the Human Development Index there have been a number of efforts to add additional measures.
- More recently, there has also been a focus on life satisfaction/happiness.

Exclusively social and environment al indicators



Exclusively social and environment al indicators



Outcomes
– not
inputs

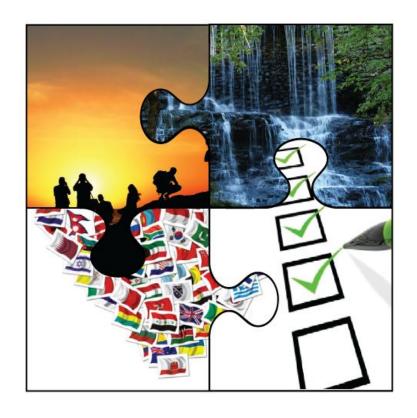
Exclusively social and environment al indicators



Outcomes
– not
inputs

Actionability

Exclusively social and environment al indicators



Outcomes
– not
inputs

Relevant to all countries

Actionability

Social progress is the capacity of a society to meet the basic human needs of its citizens, establish the building blocks that allow citizens and communities to enhance and sustain the quality of their lives, and create the conditions for all individuals to reach their full potential.

A holistic framework is needed.



SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX MODEL



Social Progress Imperative 12 #socialprogress

Social Progress Index

Basic Human Needs

Nutrition and Basic Medical Care

- Undernourishment
- Depth of food deficit
- Maternal mortality rate
- Stillbirth rate
- Child mortality rate
- Deaths from infectious disease

Water and Sanitation

- Access to piped water
- Rural vs. urban access to improved water source
- Access to improved sanitation facilities

Shelter

- Availability of affordable housing
- Access to electricity
- Quality of electricity
- Indoor air pollution attributable deaths

Personal Safety

- Homicide rate
- Level of violent crime
- Perceived criminality
- Political terror
- Traffic deaths

Foundations of Wellbeing

Access to Basic Knowledge

- Adult literacy rate
- Primary school enrollment
- Lower secondary school enrollment
- Upper secondary school enrollment
- Gender parity in secondary enrollment

Access to Information and Communications

- Mobile telephone subscriptions
- Internet users
- Press Freedom Index

Health and Wellness

- Life expectancy
- Non-communicable disease deaths between the ages of 30 and 70
- Obesity
- Outdoor air pollution attributable deaths
- Suicide rate

Ecosystem Sustainability

- Greenhouse gas emissions
- Water withdrawals as a percent of resources
- Biodiversity and habitat

Opportunity

Personal Rights

- Political rights
- Freedom of speech
- Freedom of assembly/association
- Freedom of movement
- Private property rights

Personal Freedom and Choice

- Freedom over life choices
- Freedom of religion
- Slavery, forced labor and human trafficking
- Satisfied demand for contraception
- Corruption

Tolerance and Inclusion

- Women treated with respect
- Tolerance of immigrants
- Tolerance for homosexuals
- Discrimination and violence against minorities
- Religious tolerance
- Community safety net

Access to Advanced Education

- Years of tertiary schooling
- Women's mean years in school
- Value lost due to inequality in education
- Number of world class universities

THE SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX 2014

RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	PPP GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	PPP GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	PPP GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	PPP GDP PER CAPITA
1	88.24	New Zealand	25,857	34	73.68	Mauritius	13,056	67	63.78	Venezuela	11,623	100	51.89	Cambodia	2,150
2	88.19	Switzerland	39,293	35	73.43	Greece	20,922	68	63.03	Dominican Republic	8,794	101	51.58	Nepal	1,276
3	88.07	Iceland	33,880	36	73.31	Croatia	16,005	69	62.96	South Africa	9,860	102	50.24	India	3,341
4	87.37	Netherlands	36,438	37	72.92	United Arab Emirates	36,267	70	62.96	Tunisia	8,442	103	50.20	Kenya	1,522
5	87.12	Norway	47,547	38	72.58	Panama	14,320	71	62.90	Bolivia	4,552	104	49.88	Zambia	1,475
6	87.08	Sweden	34,945	39	71.40	Israel	27,296	72	62.65	Paraguay	5,290	105	49.46	Rwanda	1,167
7	86.95	Canada	35.936	40	70.66	Kuwait	40,102	73	62.44	Azerbaijan	8,871	106	49.11	Benin	1,364
8	86.91	Finland	31,610	41	70.61	Serbia	9,683	74	62.33	Nicaragua	3,510	107	48.94	Lesotho	1,692
9	86.55	Denmark	32,363	42	70.59	Argentina	11,658	75	61.92	Jordan	5,289	108	48.87	Swaziland	4,522
10	86.10	Australia	35.669	43	70.39	Jamaica	7,083	76	61.37	Guatemala	4,397	109	48.79	Malawi	660
11	85.11	Austria	36,200	44	70.24	Bulgaria	12,178	77	61.28	Honduras	3,657	110	47.99	Congo, Republic of	3,815
12	84.61	Germany	34,819	45	70.00	Malaysia	14,822	78	61.19	Namibia	6,520	111	47.75	Uganda	1,165
13	84.56	United Kingdom	32,671	46	69.97	Brazil	10,264	79	61.07	Cuba	n/a	112	47.33	Burkina Faso	1,304
14	84.21	Japan	31,425	47	69.88	Trinidad and Tobago	23,260	80	60.79	Russia	15,177	113	46.85	Mali	1,047
15	84.05	Ireland	36,723	48	69.13	Albania	8,123	81	60.12	Moldova	2,951	114	46.06	Tanzania	1,380
16	82.77	United States	45,336	49	68.33	Macedonia	9,323	82	60.06	Guyana	2,930	115	45.95	Djibouti	2,051
17	82.63	Belgium	32,639	50	68.15	Ecuador	8,443	83	60.05	Lebanon	12,592	116	45.51	Cameroon	2,025
18	81.65	Slovenia	24,483	51	67.72	Romania	11,444	84	59.97	Egypt	5,795	117	45.23	Mozambique	882
19	81.28	Estonia	18,927	52	67.24	Colombia	9,143	85	59.71	Sri Lanka	5,384	118	44.84	Iraq	3,659
20	81.11	France	29,819	53	66.80	Montenegro	10,602	86	59.47	Kazakhstan	11,973	119	44.28	Madagascar	843
21	80.77	Spain	26,395	54	66.41	Mexico	13,067	87	59.13	Algeria	7,400	120	44.02	Liberia	560
22	80.49	Portugal	21,032	55	66.29	Peru	9,431	88	58.98	Indonesia	4,272	121	43.11	Mauritania	2,244
23	80.41	Czech Republic	23,815	56	65.86	Philippines	3,801	89	58.97	Mongolia	4,708	122	42.80	Togo	906
24	78.93	Slovakia	21,175	57	65.60	Botswana	14,109	90	58.67	China	7,958	123	42.65	Nigeria	2,335
25	77.75	Costa Rica	11,156	58	65.20	Belarus	13,427	91	58.01	Morocco	4,573	124	42.40	Pakistan	2,402
26	77.51	Uruguay	13,821	59	65.14	Thailand	8,463	92	57.34	Uzbekistan	3,095	125	40.23	Yemen	2,145
27	77.44	Poland	18,304	60	65.03	Armenia	7,374	93	57.08	Kyrgyzstan	2,077	126	40.10	Niger	674
28	77.18	Korea, Republic of	27,991	61	64.99	Bosnia and Herzegovina	7,356	94	56.65	Iran	10,405	127	39.93	Angola	5,262
29	76.93	Italy	26,310	62	64.91	Ukraine	6,394	95	56.05	Tajikistan	1,920	128	38.45	Sudan	1,894
30	76.30	Chile	15,848	63	64.70	El Salvador	6,125	96	55.96	Ghana	1,764	129	37.41	Guinea	921
31	73.91	Latvia	15,826	64	64.62	Turkey	13,737	97	53.52	Senegal	1,671	130	37.33	Burundi	483
32	73.87	Hungary	17,033	65	64.38	Saudi Arabia	27,346	98	52.41	Laos	2,522	131	34.17	Central African Republic	943
33	73.76	Lithuania	18,799	66	63.94	Georgia	5,086	99	52.04	Bangladesh	1,622	132	32.60	Chad	1,870

Social Progress Imperative #socialprogress

SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX TOP TEN COUNTRIES

RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	PPP GDP PER CAPITA	RANK SCORE	COUNTRY		PPP GDP	PPP GDP PER CAPITA
				34 73.68				2,150
				RANK	SCORE	68 63 COUNTRY 8,794 16,005 69 62.96 South Africa 9,860	PER CAPITA	276
			35,000	30 /3.31	Croatia	10,005 69 62.96 South Africa 9,000 P		
			47,547	1	88.24	New Zealand		1,475
			34,945		00.24	New Zedialiu	25,657	1,167
			35,93€					1,364
			31,610	2	88.19	Switzerland	39,293	1,692
			32,363			SWILLCHAIR	33,233	
			35,669					
11	85.11	Austria	36,200	3	88.07	Iceland	33,880	
12	84.61	Germany	34,819					1,165
13	84.56	United Kingdom	32,671		0707	No. of the last		1,304
14	84.21		31,425	4	87.37	Netherlands	30, 1 30	1,047
15	84.05	Ireland	36,723					1,380
16	82.77		45,336	E	0740	Newwork		2,051
17	82.63		32,639	5	87.12	Norway	$\neg TI, \supset TI$	
18 19			24,483					
	81.11		18,927 29,819	6	87.08	Sweden		
21	80.77		26,395	O	67.06	Sweden		
22	80.49	Portugal	21,032					2,244
23	80.41		23,815	7	86.95	Canada	25 026	
24	78.93	Slovakia	21,175	•		Gariada		
25	77.75	Costa Rica	11,156					
26	77.51	Uruguay	13,821	8	86.91	Finland	31,610	
27	77.44	Poland	18,304					
28	77.18	Korea, Republic of	27,991		OC EE	D	22.262	
29		Italy	26,310	9	86.55	Denmark	32,363	
			15,848					
31	73.91	Latvia	15,826	10	9610	Australia	25.660	
	73.87	Hungary			80.10	Australia	35,009	
32			15,826 17,033 18,799	10	86.10	Australia	35,669	

Social Progress Imperative #socialprogress

THE SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX 2014

			PPP				PPP				PPP				PPP
RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA
1	88.24	New Zealand	25,857	34	73.68	Mauritius	13,056	67	63.78	Venezuela	11,623	100	51.89	Cambodia	2,150
2	88.19	Switzerland	39,293	35	73.43	Greece	20,922	68	63.03	Dominican Republic	8,794	101	51.58	Nepal	1,276
3	88.07	Iceland	33,880	36	73.31	Croatia	16,005	69	62.96	South Africa	9,860	102	50.24	India	3,341
4	87.37	Netherlands	36,438	37	72.92	United Arab Emirates	36,267	70	62.96	Tunisia	8,442	103	50.20	Kenya	1,522
5	87.12	Norway	47,547	38	72.58	Panama	14,320	71	62.90	Bolivia	4,552	104	49.88	Zambia	1,475
6	87.08	Sweden	34,945	39	71.40	Israel	27,296	72	62.65	Paraguay	5,290	105	49.46	Rwanda	1,167
7	86.95	Canada	35,936	40	70.66	Kuwait	40,102	73	62.44	Azerbaijan	8,871	106	49.11	Benin	1,364
8	86.91	Finland	31,610	41	70.61	Serbia	9,683	74	62.33	Nicaragua	3,510	107	48.94	Lesotho	1,692
9	86.55	Denmark	32,363	42	70.59	Argentina	11,658	75	61.92	Jordan	5,289	108	48.87	Swaziland	4,522
10	86.10	Australia	35,669	43	70.39	Jamaica	7,083	76	61.37	Guatemala	4,397	109	48.79	Malawi	660
11	85.11	Austria	36,200	44	70.24	Bulgaria	12,178	77	61.28	Honduras	3,657	110	47.99	Congo, Republic of	3,815
12	84.61	Germany	34,819	45	70.00	Malaysia	14,822	78	61.19	Namibia	6,520	111	47.75	Uganda	1,165
13	84.56	United Kingdom	32,671	46	69.97	Brazil	10,264	79	61.07	Cuba	n/a	112	47.33	Burkina Faso	1,304
14	84.21	Japan	31,425	47	69.88	Trinidad and Tobago	23,260	80	60.79	Russia	15,177	113	46.85	Mali	1,047
15	84.05	Ireland	36,723	48	69.13	Albania	8,123	81	60.12	Moldova	2,951	114	46.06	Tanzania	1,380
16	82.77	United States	45,336	49	68.33	Macedonia	9,323	82	60.06	Guyana	2,930	115	45.95	Djibouti	2,051
17	82.63	Belgium	32,639	50	68.15	Ecuador	8,443	83	60.05	Lebanon	12,592	116	45.51	Cameroon	2,025
18	81.65	Slovenia	24,483	51	67.72	Romania	11,444	84	59.97	Egypt	5,795	117	45.23	Mozambique	882
19	81.28	Estonia	18,927	52	67.24	Colombia	9,143	85	59.71	Sri Lanka	5,384	118	44.84	Iraq	3,659
20	81.11	France	29,819	53	66.80	Montenegro	10,602	86	59.47	Kazakhstan	11,973	119	44.28	Madagascar	843
21	80.77	Spain	26,395	54	66.41	Mexico	13,067	87	59.13	Algeria	7,400	120	44.02	Liberia	560
22	80.49	Portugal	21,032	55	66.29	Peru	9,431	88	58.98	Indonesia	4,272	121	43.11	Mauritania	2,244
23	80.41	Czech Republic	23,815	56	65.86	Philippines	3,801	89	58.97	Mongolia	4,708	122	42.80	Togo	906
24	78.93	Slovakia	21,175	57	65.60	Botswana	14,109	90	58.67	China	7,958	123	42.65	Nigeria	2,335
25	77.75	Costa Rica	11,156	58	65.20	Belarus	13,427	91	58.01	Morocco	4,573	124	42.40	Pakistan	2,402
26	77.51	Uruguay	13,821	59	65.14	Thailand	8,463	92	57.34	Uzbekistan	3,095	125	40.23	Yemen	2,145
27	77.44	Poland	18,304	60	65.03	Armenia	7,374	93	57.08	Kyrgyzstan	2,077	126	40.10	Niger	674
28	77.18	Korea, Republic of	27,991	61	64.99	Bosnia and Herzegovina	7,356	94	56.65	Iran	10,405	127	39.93	Angola	5,262
29	76.93	Italy	26,310	62	64.91	Ukraine	6,394	95	56.05	Tajikistan	1,920	128	38.45	Sudan	1,894
30	76.30	Chile	15,848	63	64.70	El Salvador	6,125	96	55.96	Ghana	1,764	129	37.41	Guinea	921
31	73.91	Latvia	15,826	64	64.62	Turkey	13,737	97	53.52	Senegal	1,671	130	37.33	Burundi	483
32	73.87	Hungary	17,033	65	64.38	Saudi Arabia	27,346	98	52.41	Laos	2,522	131	34.17	Central African Republic	943
33	73.76	Lithuania	18,799	66	63.94	Georgia	5,086	99	52.04	Bangladesh	1,622	132	32.60	Chad	1,870

Social Progress Imperative #socialprogress

2014 SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX: BRICS

			PPP				PPP				PPP				PPP
RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA	RANK	SCORE	COUNTRY	GDP PER CAPITA
1	88.24	New Zealand	25,857	34	73.68	Mauritius	13,056	67	63.78	Venezuela	11,623	100	51.89	Cambodia	2,150
2	88.19	Switzerland	39,293	35	73.43	Greece	20,922	68	63.03	Dominican Republic	8,794	101	51.58	Nepal	1,276
3	88.07		33,880	36	73.31	Croatia	16,005	69	62.96	South Africa	9,860	102	50.24	India	3,341
4	87.37	Netherlands	36,438	37	72.92	United Arab Emirates	36,267	70	62.96	Tunisia	8,442	103	50.20	Kenya	1,522
5	87.12	Norway	47,547	38	72.58	Panama	14,320	71	62.90	Bolivia	4,552	104	49.88	Zambia	1,475
6	87.08		34,945	39	71.40	Israel	27,296	72	62.65	Paraguay	5,290	105	49.46	Rwanda	1,167
7	86.95	Canada	35,936	40	70.66	Kuwait	40,102	73	62.44	Azerbaijan	8,871	106	49.11	Benin	1,364
8	86.91	Finland	31,610	41	70.61	Serbia	9,683	74	62.33	Nicaragua	3,510	107	48.94	Lesotho	1,692
9	86.55	Denmark	32,363	42	70.59	Argentina	11,658	75	61.92	Jordan	5,289	108	48.87	Swaziland	4,522
10	86.10		35,669	43	70.39	Jamaica	7,083	76	61.37	Guatemala	4,397	109	48.79	Malawi	660
11	85.11	Austria	36,200	44	70.24	Bulgaria	12,178	77	61.28	Honduras	3,657	110	47.99	Congo, Republic of	3,815
12	84.61	Germany	34,819	45	70.00	Malaysia	14,822	78	61.19	Namibia	6,520	111	47.75	Uganda	1,165
13	84.56	United Kingdom	32,671	46	69.97	Brazil	10,264	79	61.07	Cuba	n/a	112	47.33	Burkina Faso	1,304
14	84.21	Japan	31,425	47	69.88	Trinidad and Tobago	23,260	80	60.79	Russia	15,177	113	46.85	Mali	1,047
15	84.05	Ireland	36,723	48	69.13	Albania	8,123	81	60.12	Moldova	2,951	114	46.06	Tanzania	1,380
16	82.77	United States	45,336	49	68.33	Macedonia	9,323	82	60.06	Guyana	2,930	115	45.95	Djibouti	2,051
17	82.63	Belgium	32,639	50	68.15	Ecuador	8,443	83	60.05	Lebanon	12,592	116	45.51	Cameroon	2,025
18	81.65	Slovenia	24,483	51	67.72	Romania	11,444	84	59.97	Egypt	5,795	117	45.23	Mozambique	882
19	81.28	Estonia	18,927	52	67.24	Colombia	9,143	85	59.71	Sri Lanka	5,384	118	44.84	Iraq	3,659
20	81.11	France	29,819	53	66.80	Montenegro	10,602	86	59.47	Kazakhstan	11,973	119	44.28	Madagascar	843
21	80.77	Spain	26,395	54	66.41	Mexico	13,067	87	59.13	Algeria	7,400	120	44.02	Liberia	560
22	80.49	Portugal	21,032	55	66.29	Peru	9,431	88	58.98	Indonesia	4,272	121	43.11	Mauritania	2,244
23	80.41	Czech Republic	23,815	56	65.86	Philippines	3,801	89	58.97	Mongolia	4,708	122	42.80	Togo	906
24	78.93	Slovakia	21,175	57	65.60	Botswana	14,109	90	58.67	China	7,958	123	42.65	Nigeria	2,335
25	77.75	Costa Rica	11,156	58	65.20	Belarus	13,427	91	58.01	Morocco	4,573	124	42.40	Pakistan	2,402
26	77.51	Uruguay	13,821	59	65.14	Thailand	8,463	92	57.34	Uzbekistan	3,095	125	40.23	Yemen	2,145
27	77.44	Poland	18,304	60	65.03	Armenia	7,374	93	57.08	Kyrgyzstan	2,077	126	40.10	Niger	674
28	77.18	Korea, Republic of	27,991	61	64.99	Bosnia and Herzegovina	7,356	94	56.65	Iran	10,405	127	39.93	Angola	5,262
29	76.93	Italy	26,310	62	64.91	Ukraine	6,394	95	56.05	Tajikistan	1,920	128	38.45	Sudan	1,894
30	76.30	Chile	15,848	63	64.70	El Salvador	6,125	96	55.96	Ghana	1,764	129	37.41	Guinea	921
31	73.91	Latvia	15,826	64	64.62	Turkey	13,737	97	53.52	Senegal	1,671	130	37.33	Burundi	483
32	73.87	Hungary	17,033	65	64.38	Saudi Arabia	27,346	98	52.41	Laos	2,522	131	34.17	Central African Republic	943
33	73.76	Lithuania	18,799	66	63.94	Georgia	5,086	99	52.04	Bangladesh	1,622	132	32.60	Chad	1,870

Social Progress Index rank: 13 GDP per capita rank: 14



BASIC HUMAN NEEDS	Score	Rank	FOUNDATIONS OF WELLBEING	Score	Rank	OPPORTUNITY	Score	Rank	
BAOIO HOMAIT HEEDS	91.90	16	TOOMER TONG OF THE LESS AND THE	79.47	S 19		82.29	6	
Nutrition and Basic Medical Care	97.76	25	Access to Basic Knowledge	97.81	18	Personal Rights	97.60	2	
Undernourishment Depth of food deficit Maternal mortality rate Stillbirth rate Child mortality rate Deaths from infectious diseases			Adult literacy rate Primary school enrollment Lower secondary school enrollment Upper secondary school enrollment Gender parity in secondary enrollment			Political rights Freedom of speech Freedom of assembly/association Freedom of movement Private property rights			
Water and Sanitation	99.88	16	Access to Information and Communications	84.81	16	Personal Freedom and Choice	87.47	12	
Access to piped water Rural vs. urban access to improved water Access to improved sanitation facilities	source		Mobile telephone subscriptions Internet users Press Freedom Index			Freedom over life choices Freedom of religion Modern slavery, human trafficking, ch Satisfied demand for contraception Corruption	ild marriage		
Shelter	86.55	12	Health and Wellness	77.54	37	Tolerance and Inclusion	70.75	17	
Availability of affordable housing Access to electricity Quality of electricity supply Indoor air pollution attributable deaths			Life expectancy Non-communicable disease deaths between 30 and 70 Obesity rate Outdoor air pollution attributable deaths Suicide rate			Women treated with respect Tolerance for immigrants Tolerance for homosexuals Discrimination and violence against m Religious tolerance Community safety net	inorities		
Personal Safety	83.41	21	Ecosystem Sustainability	57.72	58	Access to Advanced Education	73.35	7	
Homicide rate Level of violent crime Perceived criminality Political terror Traffic deaths			Greenhouse gas emissions Water withdrawals as a percent of resources Biodiversity and habitat			Years of tertiary schooling Women's average years in school Inequality in the attainment of education Number of globally ranked universities			



Social Progress Index rank: 16 GDP per capita rank: 2



BASIC HUMAN NEEDS	Score 89.82	Rank 23		FOUNDATIONS OF WELLBEING	75.96	Rank 36	OPPORTUNITY	Score 82.54	Rank 5	
Nutrition and Basic Medical Care	97.82	24	0	Access to Basic Knowledge	95.10	39	Personal Rights	82.28	22	
Undernourishment Depth of food deficit Maternal mortality rate Stillbirth rate Child mortality rate Deaths from infectious diseases				Adult literacy rate Primary school enrollment Lower secondary school enrollment Upper secondary school enrollment Gender parity in secondary enrollment			Political rights Freedom of speech Freedom of assembly/association Freedom of movement Private property rights			
Water and Sanitation	95.77	34		Access to Information and Communications	81.33	23	Personal Freedom and Choice	84.29	15	
Access to piped water Rural vs. urban access to improved water Access to improved sanitation facilities	r source		n/a	Mobile telephone subscriptions Internet users Press Freedom Index			Freedom over life choices Freedom of religion Modern slavery, human trafficking, chil Satisfied demand for contraception Corruption	ld marriage		
Shelter	87.99	9		Health and Wellness	73.61	70	Tolerance and Inclusion	74.22	13	
Availability of affordable housing Access to electricity Quality of electricity supply Indoor air pollution attributable deaths				Life expectancy Non-communicable disease deaths between 30 and 70 Obesity rate Outdoor air pollution attributable deaths Suicide rate			Women treated with respect Tolerance for immigrants Tolerance for homosexuals Discrimination and violence against min Religious tolerance Community safety net	norities		
Personal Safety	77.70	31		Ecosystem Sustainability	53.78	69	Access to Advanced Education	89.37	1	
Homicide rate Level of violent crime Perceived criminality Political terror Traffic deaths				Greenhouse gas emissions Water withdrawals as a percent of resources Biodiversity and habitat			Years of tertiary schooling Women's average years in school Inequality in the attainment of educatio Number of globally ranked universities			



Social Progress Index rank: **120** GDP per capita rank: 130



BASIC HUMAN NEEDS	36.77	Rank 125	-	FOUNDATIONS OF WELLBEING	Score 48.99	Rank 121	OPPORTUNITY	Score 46.29	Rank 82	
Nutrition and Basic Medical Care	54.36	125		Access to Basic Knowledge	42.36	127	Personal Rights	61.55	58	
Undernourishment Depth of food deficit Maternal mortality rate Stillbirth rate Child mortality rate Deaths from infectious diseases				Adult literacy rate Primary school enrollment Lower secondary school enrollment Upper secondary school enrollment Gender parity in secondary enrollment			Political rights Freedom of speech Freedom of assembly/association Freedom of movement Private property rights			
Water and Sanitation	26.29	123		Access to Information and Communications	38.18	111	Personal Freedom and Choice	59.99	99	
Access to piped water Rural vs. urban access to improved water Access to improved sanitation facilities	source			Mobile telephone subscriptions Internet users Press Freedom Index			Freedom over life choices Freedom of religion Modern slavery, human trafficking, chi Satisfied demand for contraception Corruption	ld marriage		
Shelter	13.36	128		Health and Wellness	74.45	60	Tolerance and Inclusion	52.24	58	
Availability of affordable housing Access to electricity Quality of electricity supply Indoor air pollution attributable deaths				Life expectancy Non-communicable disease deaths between 30 and 70 Obesity rate Outdoor air pollution attributable deaths Suicide rate			Women treated with respect Tolerance for immigrants Tolerance for homosexuals Discrimination and violence against m Religious tolerance Community safety net	inorities		
Personal Safety	53.07	86		Ecosystem Sustainability	40.98	99	Access to Advanced Education	11.37	119	
Homicide rate Level of violent crime Perceived criminality Political terror Traffic deaths				Greenhouse gas emissions Water withdrawals as a percent of resources Biodiversity and habitat			Years of tertiary schooling Women's average years in school Inequality in the attainment of educatic Number of globally ranked universities			





Social Progress Index rank: 46 GDP per capita rank: 57





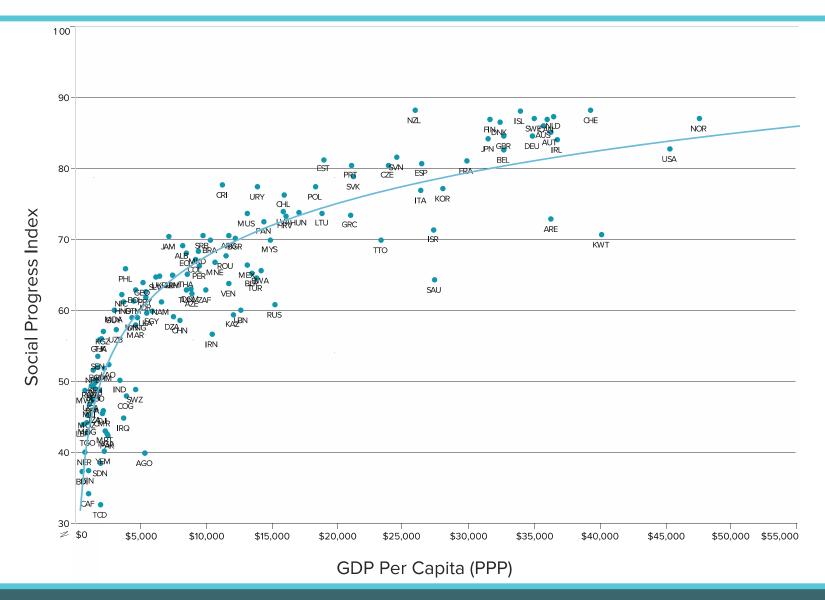
BASIC HUMAN NEEDS	71.09	Rank 74	FOUNDATIONS OF WELLBEING	75.78	Rank 38		OPPORTUNITY Score 63.03		
Nutrition and Basic Medical Care	92.02	63	Access to Pagia Knowledge	95.43	20		Personal Rights 74.94	32	
Undernourishment Depth of food deficit Maternal mortality rate Stillbirth rate Child mortality rate Deaths from infectious diseases	92.02	63	Access to Basic Knowledge Adult literacy rate Primary school enrollment Lower secondary school enrollment Upper secondary school enrollment Gender parity in secondary enrollment	95.43	38	n/a	Personal Rights 74.94 Political rights Freedom of speech Freedom of assembly/association Freedom of movement Private property rights	32	
Water and Sanitation Access to piped water Rural vs. urban access to improved water Access to improved sanitation facilities	81.64	67	Access to Information and Communications Mobile telephone subscriptions Internet users Press Freedom Index	67.69	49		Personal Freedom and Choice 77.32 Freedom over life choices Freedom of religion Modern slavery, human trafficking, child marria Satisfied demand for contraception Corruption		
Shelter Availability of affordable housing Access to electricity Quality of electricity supply Indoor air pollution attributable deaths	73.20	53	Health and Wellness Life expectancy Non-communicable disease deaths between 30 and 70 Obesity rate Outdoor air pollution attributable deaths Suicide rate	76.05	47		Tolerance and Inclusion 61.77 Women treated with respect Tolerance for immigrants Tolerance for homosexuals Discrimination and violence against minorities Religious tolerance Community safety net	33	
Personal Safety Homicide rate Level of violent crime Perceived criminality Political terror Traffic deaths	37.50	122	Ecosystem Sustainability Greenhouse gas emissions Water withdrawals as a percent of resources Biodiversity and habitat	63.94	35		Access to Advanced Education 38.09 Years of tertiary schooling Women's average years in school Inequality in the attainment of education Number of globally ranked universities	76	

SOCIAL PROGRESS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: KEY FINDING #1

Economic development alone is not sufficient to explain social progress outcomes. GDP per capita is an incomplete measure of a country's overall performance:

- There is a non-linear relationship between Social Progress Index scores and GDP per capita.
- Social Progress Index scores display significant deviation from the GDP per capita trend line.

SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX VS. GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)

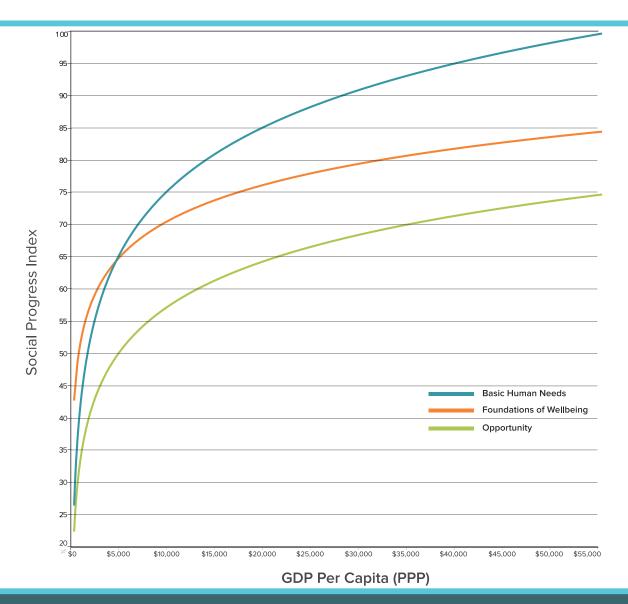


SOCIAL PROGRESS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: KEY FINDING #2

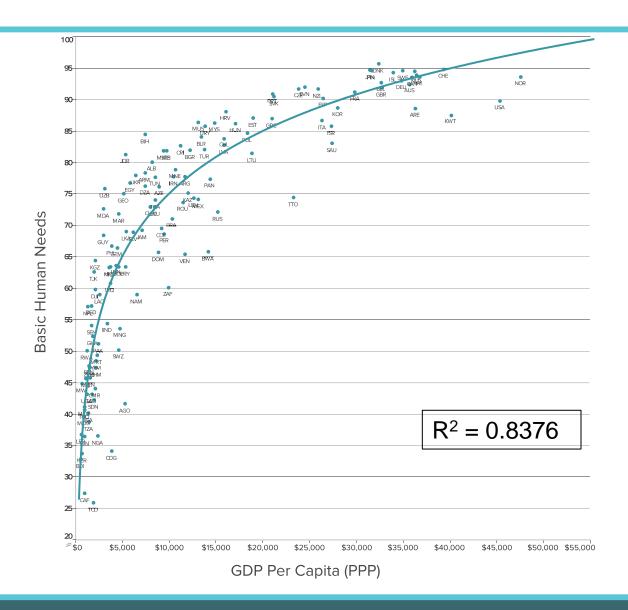
Some aspects of social progress are more correlated with GDP than others.

This is a complex relationship where causation may go in both directions.

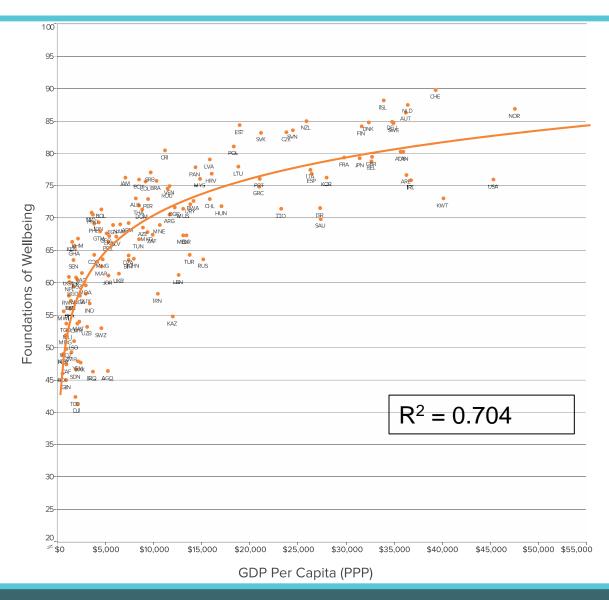
SOCIAL PROGRESS INDEX DIMENSIONS VS. GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)



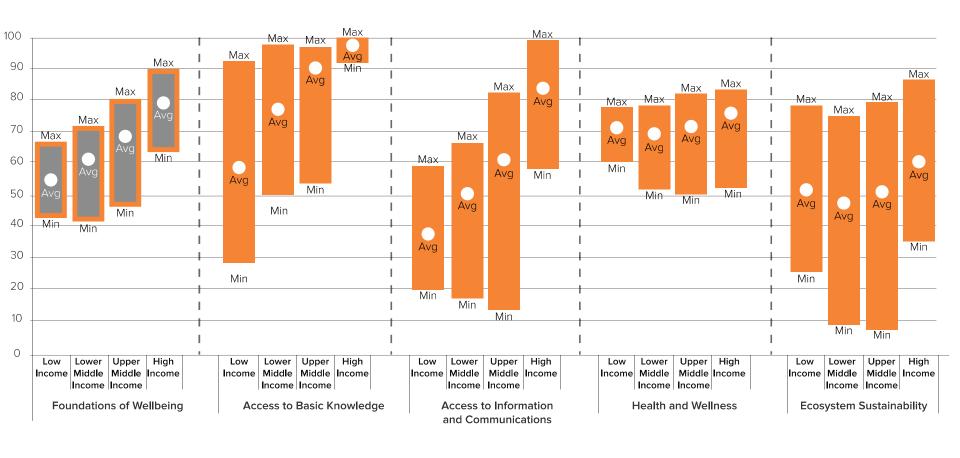
BASIC HUMAN NEEDS VS GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)



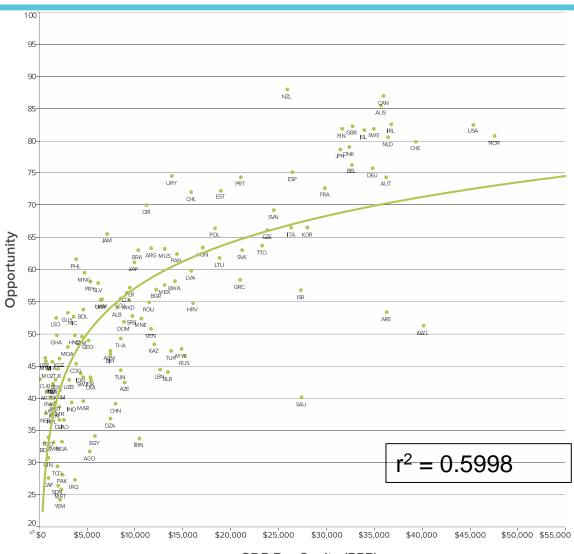
FOUNDATIONS OF WELLBEING VS GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)



DISTRIBUTION OF SCORES FOR FOUNDATIONS OF WELLBEING

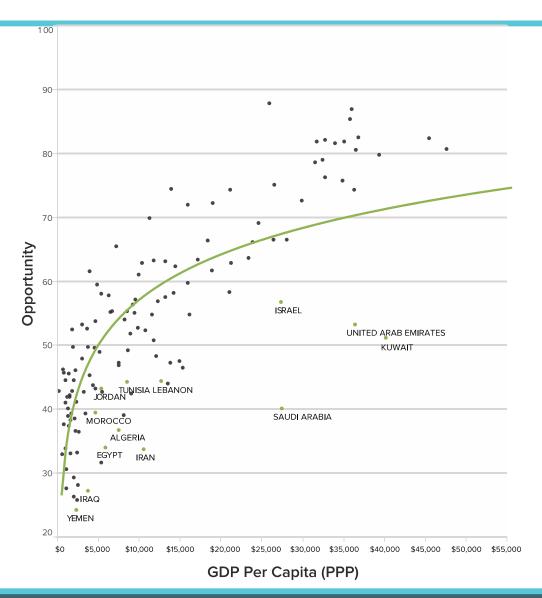


OPPORTUNITY VS GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)



GDP Per Capita (PPP)

OPPORTUNITY VS GDP PER CAPITA (PPP): MENA



THE SOCIAL PROGRESS NETWORK: MOVING TO ACTION



THE SOCIAL PROGRESS NETWORK: PARAGUAY COMMITTEE

Paraguay has already organized a local committee to deploy the Social Progress Index at all levels

- La Asociación de Empresarios Cristianos (ADEC)
- La Federación de la Producción, la Industria y el Comercio (FEPRINCO)
- La Fundación Paraguaya
- La Fundación Moisés Bertoni
- La Fundación Desarrollo en Democracia (DENDE)
- Fundación Avina
- La Universidad Católica- Programa de Maestría en Administración de Empresas



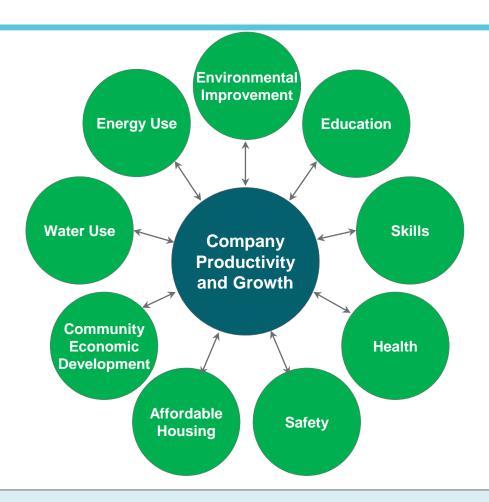
The National Social Progress committee has already started work in three priority areas:

- Nutrition (meet the nutritional needs of 1,000,000 additional Paraguayans)
- Water and sanitation
- Shelter

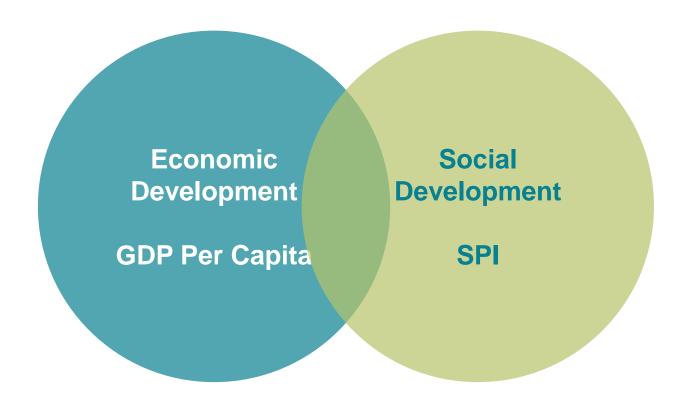
THE SOCIAL PROGRESS NETWORK: BRAZIL COMMITTEE

- National Team has been established under the co-leadership of AVINA Foundation and Deloitte, with participation of Ethos Institute and Arapyau Foundation.
- National Committee established, including:
 - Private Sector Members: Vale, Coca Cola, Natura, Fibria, Semear
 - Civil Society Members: Imazon, GIFE, Fundacion Roberto Marinho, INDI, Instituto Unibanco
 - Academic Members: Fundacion Getulio Vargas, Fundacion Dom Cabral

SOCIAL NEEDS AND ECONOMIC VALUE CREATION



- Creating Shared Value: Meeting Societal Needs with a Business Model:
 - Social deficits create economic costs for companies
 - Social needs represent the largest market opportunities



Our vision is a world in which social progress sits alongside economic prosperity as a benchmark for national performance.